Month in review

Market moves — as at 28 February 2014

RETURNS (%) P.A.	1 MTH	3 MTH	6 MTH	1 YR	3 YR	5 YR	10 YR
AUSTRALIAN EQUITIES							
S&P/ASX 200 ACCUMULATION INDEX	4.97	2.60	7.59	10.63	8.68	15.01	9.60%
S&P/ASX SMALL ORDINARIES ACCUMULATION INDEX	4.97	4.68	3.64	-3.62	-5.04	11.16	5.14
GLOBAL EQUITIES							
MSCI WORLD ACC INDEX WITH GROSS DIV (AS)	2.87	5.47	14.84	41.51	15.61	12.98	5.69
S&P 500 COMPOSITE ACCUMULATION INDEX (A\$)	1.96	5.71	14.53	43.43	19.39	14.99	5.59
FTSE100 ACCUMULATION INDEX (A\$)	4.43	7.61	15.93	40.18	14.14	12.33	5.44
MSCI EMERGING MARKETS FREE W/GROSS DIV (A\$)	1.26	-2.91	4.61	8.19	2.73	9.86	8.69
REITS (LISTED PROPERTY SECURITIES)							
S&P/ASX 300 A-REIT ACCUMULATION INDEX	4.97	4.08	4.88	4.61	12.92	22.26	2.66
UBS GLOBAL INVESTORS TR HEDGED (A\$)*	4.78	7.35	11.88	8.35	12.24	26.70	6.26
FIXED INTEREST							
UBS WARBURG COMPOSITE BOND INDEX	0.20	1.82	2.17	2.92	7.48	6.73	8.39
UBS WARBURG BANK BILL INDEX	0.24	0.68	1.32	2.83	3.96	4.26	6.46
BARCAP GLOBAL AGGREGATE INDEX HEDGED \$A	0.67	1.99	4.18	4.14	8.03	8.50	7.53

Data source: IRESS & Financial Express. Returns greater than one year are annualised * Please note that the Global Property Index has changed from UBS Global Real Estate Investors Index (A\$) to UBS Global Investors TR Hdg (A\$)

Australian Equities

Alike other developed equity markets, the Australian equity market had a promising February with the S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index up 5.0%. The Index has gained 10.6% over the last 12 months.

The S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index also managed a month in the black, with the Index up 5.0%. Nevertheless, this Index has still underperformed its 'large cap' counterpart over 12 months.

Global Equities

European equity markets performed well over the course of the month, with the German DAX, the French CAC and the U.K. FTSE up 4.1%, 5.8% and 4.6% respectively (in local currency terms). When converted back to AUD the returns were less magnified, as the local currency appreciated against its global peers over this time period.

Not dissimilar to other developed equity market peers, the U.S. market was also strong over February with the S&P 500 Index up 4.3% (in local currency terms). The U.S. equity market has been a standout performer over the last 12 months.

The Japanese equity market underperformed other developed equity markets during February, with the NIKKEI 225 Index declining by -0.5%. Contrastingly

the Shanghai Composite Index and the Hong Kong Hang Seng Index delivered positive performance, returning 1.1% and 3.6% respectively.

REITs (Listed Property Securities)

The S&P/ASX 300 AREIT Accumulation Index had a particularly strong February, with this Index advancing almost 5%. Over the last 12 months the Index has gained 4.6%.

The UBS Global Real Estate Investors Index Hedged (\$A) also had a strong February, with the Index recording a 4.6% gain. The Global REIT Index has outperformed its domestic counterpart over the last 12 months.

Fixed Interest

Returns on high quality fixed interest markets were positive for February, which was the second consecutive month of positive returns. The UBS Composite Bond Index and the Barclays Global Aggregate Index Hedged (\$A) gained 0.2% and 0.7% respectively over this corresponding time period.

The UBS Bank Bill Index, which comprises of lower risk and shorter dated securities, finished the month of January up 0.20%.

Month in review

Economic indicators

S&P/ASX 200 Stock Performance for the Month of February 2014

BEST PERFORMERS		WORST PERFORMERS	
AURORA OIL & GAS	53.11%	BURU ENERGY	-20.43%
EVOLUTION MINING LTD	46.09%	MOUNT GIBSON IRON	-18.57%
FAIRFAX MEDIA LTD	41.04%	BRADKEN LIMITED	-16.40%
SEEK LIMITED	37.88%	REGIS RESOURCES	-15.55%
NORTHERN STAR	30.68%	MERMAID MARINE	-13.53%

S&P/ASX 200 Stock Performance for the Year to February 2014

BEST PERFORMERS	
G8 EDUCATION LTD	118.42%
TPG TELECOM LIMITED	115.76%
HENDERSON GROUP	98.72%
SLATER & GORDON	95.20%
DOMINOS PIZZA ENTERPRISE	95.10%

UC	ary 2014	
	WORST PERFORMERS	
	SILVER LAKE RESOURCES	-73.52%
	AUSDRILL LIMITED	-67.93%
	PALADIN ENERGY LTD	-55.74%
	RESOLUTE MINING	-55.51%
	KAROON GAS AUSTRALIA	-54.85%

Economic news

Total dwelling approvals rose by 1.3% in January, and have now risen for 15 consecutive months. Once seasonally adjusted, dwelling approval actually rose by 6.8%.

Official retail sales advanced by 0.7% in January, and once seasonally adjusted advanced by 1.7%. When analysed geographically, all states and territories contributed positively, although Victoria, New South Wales and Tasmania were the standout contributors. At a sector level, spending increased in food retailing (0.8%), cafes & restaurants (1.4%), household goods retailing (0.4%), department stores (0.7%), clothing & footwear (0.3%) and other retailing (0.4%).

The Wespac Institute of Consumer Sentiment fell by 3.0% in February. This particularly weak result caught economic commentators by surprise. Economists have attributed the weak result to consumers anxiety regarding the heavily publicised downturn in the domestic motoring industry, the financial woes of our national carrier and uneasiness over what could be in store for the Federal Budget that is due to be released in May.

According to the National Australia Bank's Business Survey, business conditions retracted sharply over February which was primarily driven by weakness in the manufacturing sector. Business confidence was also subdued, albeit still slightly above the long term trend as businesses were still hoping for a mild uptick in economic growth towards the end of the year.

The unemployment rate continued its steady incline during January, rising to 5.9%. Disappointingly the participation rate also fell 0.1% to 64.5%.

As was widely expected by the market, the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) left the cash rate on hold at 2.5% at their last formal monthly meeting in March. The board acknowledged the recent uptick in consumer spending and leading housing construction indicators. Nevertheless it did remain cautious over the 'weak' labour growth and the implications over the declining investment expenditure by the mining & resource sectors. On balance most commentators are expecting monetary policy to remain stable for the immediate future unless a material unforeseen circumstance warrants a prompt revision of its current stance.

U.S. employers added more jobs than consensus analyst forecasts during February, with payrolls advancing by 175,000. Despite this, the unemployment rate actually rose as the number of people joining the workforce increased materially. The U.S. participation rate now stands at 63.0%.

Perhaps the most significant news to rock financial markets over the course of February was the political unrest out of the Ukraine, which forced former President Viktor Yanukovich to flee the former Soviet state. The prompt and defiant reaction by Russia also added to the economic turmoil in the region, which sent equity and debt markets down sharply before staging a mild comeback shortly after.

Contrastingly to previous months, the Australian Dollar actually appreciated against all its major peers over February. The domestic currency posted gains against the USD (2.1%), the Japanese Yen (1.3%), the Euro (1.0%) and the Pound Sterling (0.8%). Lonsec

Month in review

ISSUE DATE 12-03-2014

Important notice: This document is published by Lonsec Research Pty Ltd ABN 11 151 658 561, AFSL No.421445 (Lonsec). Please read the following before making any investment decision about any financial product mentioned in this document. **Disclosure at the date of publication:** Lonsec receives a fee from the fund manager or product issuer(s) for researching the financial product(s) set out in this document, using comprehensive and objective criteria. Lonsec may also receive a fee from the fund manager or

product (s) set out in this document, using comprehensive objective content and other Lonsec services. Lonsec's fee is not linked to the radius in this document. Lonsec does not hold the product(s) referred to in this document. Lonsec's representatives and/or their associates may hold the product(s) referred to in this document. Lonsec's representatives and/or their associates may hold the product(s) referred to in this document, but details of these holdings are not known to the Analyst(s). **Disclosure of Investment Consulting services:** Lonsec receives fees for providing investment consulting advice to clients, which includes model portfolios, approved product lists and other financial advice and may receive fees from this fund manager or product issuer for

providing investment consulting services. The investment consulting services are carried out under separate arrangements and processes to the research process adopted for the review of this financial product.

For an explanation of the process by which Lonsec manages conflicts of interest please refer to the Conflicts of Interest Policy which is

For an explanation of the process by which Lonsec manages conflicts of interest please refer to the Conflicts of Interest Policy which is found at: http://www.lonsec.com.au/aspx/IndexedDocs/general/LonsecResearchConflictsofInterestPolicy.pdf **Warnings:** Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. Any express or implied rating or advice presented in this document is a "class service" (as defined in the Financial Advisers Act 2008 (NZ)) or limited to "General Advice" (as defined in the Corporations Act 2001(Cth)) and based solely on consideration of the investment merits of the financial product(s) alone, without taking into account the investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs ('financial circumstances') of any particular person. It is not a "personalised service" (as defined in the Financial Advisers Act 2008 (NZ)) and does not constitute a recommendation to purchase, redeem or sell the relevant financial product(s). Before making an investment decision based on the rating(s) or advice, the reader must consider whether it is personally appropriate in light of his or her financial circumstances, or should seek independent financial advice on its appropriateness. If our advice relates to the acquisition or possible acquisition of particular financial product(s), the reader should obtain and consider the Investment Statement or Product Disclosure Statement for each financial product before making any decision about whether to acquire a financial product. Lonsec's nessarch process relies upon the participation of the fund manager or product issuer(s). Should the fund manager or product issuer(s) no

research process relies upon the participation of the fund manager or product issuer(s). Should the fund manager or product issuer(s) no longer be an active participant in Lonsec's research process, Lonsec reserves the right to withdraw the document at any time and

discontinue future coverage of the financial product(s). Disclaimer: This document is for the exclusive use of the person to whom it is provided by Lonsec and must not be used or relied upon by any other person. No representation, warranty or undertaking is given or made in relation to the accuracy or completeness of the information presented in this document, which is drawn from public information not verified by Lonsec. Financial conclusions, ratings and advice are reasonably held at the time of completion but subject to change without notice. Lonsec assumes no obligation to update this document following publication. Except for any liability which cannot be excluded, Lonsec, its directors, officers, employees and agents disclaim all liability for any error or inaccuracy in, misstatement or omission from, this document or any loss or damage suffered by the

reader or any other person as a consequence of relying upon it. Copyright © 2014 Lonsec Research Pty Ltd (ABN 11 151 658 561, AFSL No. 421445) (Lonsec). This report is subject to copyright of Lonsec. Except for the temporary copy held in a computer's cache and a single permanent copy for your personal reference or other than as permitted under the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth), no part of this report may, in any form or by any means (electronic, mechanical, micro-copying, photocopying, recording or otherwise), be reproduced, stored or transmitted without the prior written permission of Lonsec. This report may also contain third party supplied material that is subject to copyright. Any such material is the intellectual property of that third party or the context provider. third party or its content providers. The same restrictions applying above to Lonsec copyrighted material, applies to such third party content